



Homelessness Statistics

Like the rest of the nation, Southern Arizona faces a crisis of not enough housing or related services for all of its residents. Primavera Foundation works closely with our governmental, community and non-profit partners to try to find solutions to making sure everyone has shelter and housing and can avoid homelessness.

PIMA COUNTY

Here is a snapshot of homelessness in Pima County on January 24, 2023, when the annual HUD-required Point-in-Time survey was conducted. The information is from the Tucson Pima Collaboration to End Homelessness, of which Primavera Foundation is a member.

- 2,209 people were experiencing homelessness, which was up 60% over the past five years.
- 1,501 people were experiencing unsheltered homelessness, meaning they were living in places not meant for human habitation, such as on the street or in parks. That was up 300% compared with five years ago.
- 789 individuals were experiencing chronic homelessness, an increase of 200% since 2018.
- 82 family households – comprising 142 adults and 130 minor-aged children – were homeless, a decrease of 21% compared with 2018.
- 515 adults with serious mental illness were experiencing homelessness, up 38% from 2018 but down 36% from the previous year.
- Rates of homelessness have steadily increased in Pima County since 2018; however, there were decreases in overall homelessness reported in many populations between 2022 and 2023.

To see the full Point-in-Time report for Pima County, visit the [Tucson Pima Collaboration to End Homelessness](#).

UNITED STATES

The National Alliance to End Homelessness, a non-profit, non-partisan group, provides the following statistics on homelessness in the United States, based upon the 2022 Point-in-Time count:

- Homelessness has been on the rise since 2017, experiencing an overall increase of 6%.
- In 2022, counts of individuals (421,392 people) and chronically homeless individuals (127,768) reached record highs in the history of data collection



- Unsheltered rates are trending upward, impacting most racial, ethnic and gender subgroups.
- Homeless services systems continued to expand the availability of both temporary and permanent beds in 2022, but these resources still fall short of reaching everyone in need.
- Homelessness rose by a modest 0.3% from 2020 to 2022, a period marked by both pandemic-related economic disruptions and robust investments of federal resources into human services.

For more information, visit <https://endhomelessness.org/>